Closure of fertilizer units in Orissa and Andhra. Pradesh

409. SHRI SANTOSH KUMAR SAHU: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Paradeep Phosphates Limited has been closed down;

(b) whether Government propose to remove the constraints and make available imported raw materials;

(c) what action has been taken to disinvest the equity ot" the company;

(d) whther certain M.P.s through a joint memorandum have urged Governmen to prevent closure of DAP fertilize! units in Orissa and Andhra Pradesh and have made certain suggestions to save these units; and

(e) if so, what is the reaction of Government thereto ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO) : (a) Mls. Paradeep Phosphates Limited (PPL) have stopped production temporarily w.e.f. 1st April, 1993.

(b) There are no constraints in the import of raw materials as the phosphatic industry is free to contract imports of raw materials.

(c) There is already a proposal from Government of Nauru to disinvest their share of equity in Paradeep Phosphates Limited.

(d) Yes, Sir.

(e) In dealing with the problems being faced by the indigenous phosphatic industry, Government are keen to ensure supplies at affordable prices to faimeis. Accordingly, the focus is to help industry to bring down their cost of production and become more competitive. Government has already abolished customs duty on Import of phosphoric acid. Government has also announced a scheme of refund of customs duty paid on capital goods, as also a concession of 3 percent rate on term loans, provided the net interest rate af'er adjustment of this concession remains at a minimum of 12 percent. These concessions are available to all the fertilizer plants commissioned on or after 1-1-1991. It is also reported that the phosphatic industry has recently filed an application for initiating anti-dumping proceedings in respect of imported DAP.

Closing of diammonium phosphate unite in the Country

410. DR. SANJAYA SINH : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government are aware of the closing down of most of the units by he producers of diammonium phosphate in the country because of the dumping of element and other fertilizers by foreign suppliers at a much lesser price;

(b) whether Government have considered the long term damage to the Indian industry with the prolonged dumping of he fertilizer considering the present situation arising out of the import liberalisa-:on; and

(c) if so, what strategy is contempla-ed by Government to have a proper balance between the interest of the cou-numers and the producers ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO) : (a) to (c) Consequent on the decontrol of phosphetic fertilizers w.e.f. 25-8-1992 and also decanalisation of DAP imports, producers] suppliers are free to sell phosphatic fertilizers in the open market at prices to be determined by them, with no subsidy from the Government. Following this, prices of decontrolled fertilizers went up. Imported DAP is available at a considerably lower price compared to the cost of production of in-digenous units. Faced with this situation, there are reports that various DAP units have suspended production. There are

also reports that a number of units have not contracted foe fresh supplies of phosphoric acid and ammonia.

In dealing with this situation. Government are keen to ensure supplies at affordable prices to farmeis. Accordingly, the focus is on helping the industry to bring down their cost of production and become more competetive. Government has already abolished customs duty on import, of phosphoric acid. Government has also announced a scheme of refund of customs duty paid on capital goods, as also a concession of 5 percent in interest rate on term loans, provided that the net interest rate after adjustment of this concession remains at a minimum of 12 per cent. These concessions are available to all the fertilizer plants commissioned on or after 1-1-19? I. It is also reported that the phosphatic industry has filed an application for initiating anti-dumping proceedings in respect of imported DAP.

import of Nitrogen Fertilizers

411. SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether Governmentpropose to import nitrogen fertiliserson a large scale doubling the quantitycontracted in 1992-93;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof stating the quantity proposed to be imported'. the estimated amount likely to be spent en the imports in foreign exchange as against the imports mads in 1992-93, the climated gap between de mand and supply of urea during 1993-94 and the estimated subsidy for imported urea in 1993-94;

(c) whether Government propose to decontrol urea prices' and

(d) if so, the decision if any, taken in this regard ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO) : (a) and (b) Nitrogenous fertilizers are imported to bridge the gap between company and indigenous availability. The quantity of nitrogenous fertilizers to be imported during 1993-94 would depend upon several factors such as rain fall, ind genous production carry-over stock and demand as also import of ether phosphatic fertilizers containing nitrogen such as DAP which is allowed to be imported freely. The foreign exchange to be increased on these imports will depend upon international prices of fertilizers which vary from time to time. However, imports of urea (including imports under foreign aid) during 1992-93 amounted to 13 57 lakh tonnes involving C&F value of Rs. 764.17 crocs. A net amount of Rs. 500 crores has been proposed in the budget for 1993- 94 for pubsidy on imported urea.

(c) and (d) There is no proposal at present under consideration to decontrol urea prices.

Misuse of Money collected under DPEA

412. DR. NARKEDDY THULASI REDDY : Will Ihe PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government are aware that the amount collected under DPEA is being misutilized:

(b) what is total amount collected till today under DPEA and what are the details of companies from whom amount has been recovered.

(c) what are the details under which amount was paid and what is the balance as on 31st March, 1993;

(d) whether it is a fact that amounts due from public sector units have not been calculated;

(e) if so, the reason therefor, and

(f) what steps have been taken to incorporate the provisions for utilization of DPEA funds in the price control order ?